

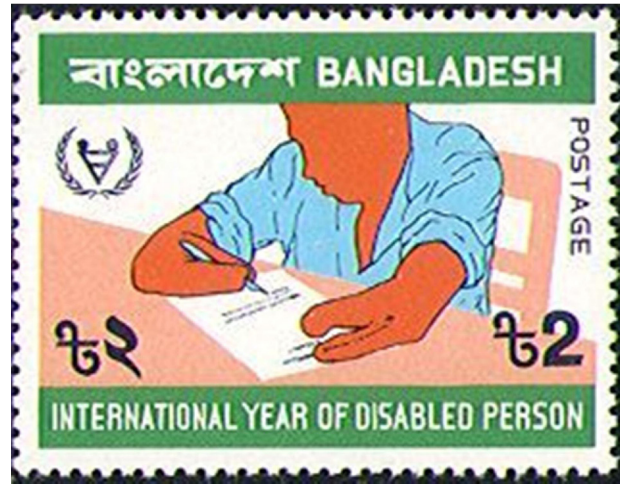
# Hands on Stamps: Krukenberg Hand

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In 1917, Herman von Krukenberg, a German army surgeon, introduced an ingenious surgery for below-elbow amputees. He separated the radius and ulna to make 2 chopsticks, and each bone was supplied by muscles and skin coverage. He turned the forearm stump into a pincer. The main advantage of the surgery is preservation of proprioception and stereognosis in the 2 sensate functional stumps.<sup>1</sup>

Krukenberg surgery is considered primarily for blind patients with bilateral below-elbow amputations. However, in the areas in which prosthetic facilities are limited and expensive, every below-elbow amputee, especially children, may benefit from the Krukenberg surgery.<sup>1,2</sup>

Dr. Ronald J. Garst (1926–2009) was an American missionary surgeon and worked for many years in Bangladesh. He was enthusiastic about the extraordinary dexterity and benefits provided by the Krukenberg surgery. On the occasion of the International



**FIGURE 1:** A below-elbow amputee holds a pen with a Krukenberg hand and writes. Country: Bangladesh. Occasion: United Nations International Year of Disabled Persons 1981. Scott Catalogue #205. Date of issue: December 26, 1981. Value: 2 Taka.

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Year of Disabled Persons in 1981, Bangladesh issued a postage stamp to honor his works (Fig. 1).<sup>1,2</sup>

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# First Hand: An Unanticipated Consequence

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Sometimes the differences we make as surgeons require great effort; but easy, even unconscious acts may also have positive consequences.

Years ago, our son's preschool teacher invited her students' parents to speak to the class about our occupations. I agreed and took grip and pinch meters, an articulated upper limb skeleton, some x-rays, a roll of plaster, and some cast padding. I suited up in scrubs, shoe covers, and paper cap. The children liked all the paraphernalia, compared their hands with the x-rays and